fferences. They walked together toward the passage-way leaddifferences.

They walked together toward the passage-way leading to her room, when she asked him to go up stairs with her. He made a reply in which he repeated the epithets he had applied the night before, whereupon she drew the pistol and shot him. He was taken to Ehlen's drug-store, and Officers Stater and Wheeler went into Fanny's room to arrest her. She said to Stater. You are a gentlemen, and I won't deny that I shot him. This is the pistol, which I'll make you a present of, as I have no further use for it." So saying, she handed him the pistol, threw away a knife she had in her pocket, and went quietly to the Station-House, only regretting that she had no opportunity to kill Develin's intended.

Later.—At 24 o'clock this morning, the ball was extracted by Dr. Blackman, when the wounded man appeared much easier.

POLITICAL.

-The Hon, John F. Potter, the present member, has been renominated by acclamation as candidate for Cougress from the Ist Wisconsin District.

-Official returns have been received from ever county in Kentucky but Letcher County. Revill (Dem.) official majority is 13,095. The vote of Letcher is 363 for Revill, and 117 for McKee. This would give Revill a majority of 13,341.

-The official seturns of the recent election in North Carolina, as furnished by The North Carolina Standard, are:

Ahl's District, the XXVIth, met on the 1st inst., at Bridgeport, Pa. The District is composed of York Cumberland and Perry Counties. Cumberland County voted for Mr. Ahl. York County voted for Mr. Fisher, and Perry County for Mr. McIntyre, through fourteen ballots. There is no result yet, each county adhering to its candidate. The conferees will mee scain to-morrow.

-Chapin Hall is the name of the Republican candidate for Congress in the XXIVth District of Pennsylvania, comprising the Counties of Warren, Mc-Kean, Elk, Clarion, Venango, Forrest, Clearfield and Jefferson. Mr. Hall is not a professional politician, but is widely known as an apright business man, with an iron will. He belonged originally to the Democratic party, but being too honest to indorse the Bor der-Ruffian outrages, acted with the Republicans is 1856. This District gave Buchanan a small majority In 1856; since then, bowever, the Anti-Lecompton Democrats have become quite numerous. They are very much dissatisfied with their present Representative, Judge Gillis, who went blindly for the Adminis tration in the last Congress, and who now runs agains Mr. Hall for reelection. He was elected in 1856 by plurality of 671 in a poll of about 19,000.

-The following letter from Gov. Reeder speaks for

EASTON, Pa., Aug. 28, 1858.

DEAR SIR: I observe in your last number a resolution of the county meeting of Carbon County, nominating me as the candidate for Congress in this district, and a highly complimentary editorial article upon the same subject in approbation of the resolution. Yours county who have thus demonstrated their confidence and kindly feeling, as well as to yourself, I cannot but entertain the most grateful feelings. I am compelled, however, to decline the honor of being their candidate. I had supposed that my decision upon this subject was understood. In this county it certainly was, although perhaps not in yours. Those who know me know that, even when in EASTON, Pa., Aug. 28, 1858. se who know me know that, even when in the dominant political organization of the district, my tastes were not in that direction, and that when much younger man, some twenty years ago, I declined a similar nomination tendered by the Conference when a similar nomination tendered by the Conference when in session, although that nomination was equivalent to an election. To accept it now, even it were to be fol-lowed by an election, would involve sacrifices which I do not feel called upon to make, and I must, therefore, beg to be excused. This is the less to be regretted as it will enable me better to advance the great cause of political reform, by laboring in my trae position of a man who has no selfish ends, and who rates his professional and social standing higher than the pursuit of public effice. With a repetition of my thanks for the kindness of friends, I remain,

A. H. REEDER.

F. H. RAUCH, eag.

— The Austin State Gazette, of the 21st inst., an-

nounces that, at the recent election in Texas, the Democrats elected their whole State ticket, as follows:

Royal T. Wheeler, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court C. W. Buckley, Associate-Justice, Maicolm D. Graham, Attorney-General, Cement R. Johns, Controller, Cyres R. Randolph, Treasurer.

THE CAMPAIGN IN NEW-JERSEY.

From The Newark Advertiser, Sept. 3.
On account of the interesting state of politics in the

On account of the interesting state of politics in the 1st Congressional District, we sent a reporter to the mass meeting held at Salem on Thursday, at which the canvass in the District was formally opened. The full account did not arrive till this afternoon, and we are obliged to omit several portions of it.

There are three candidates for Congress in the District: The Hon. John T. Nixon, who was nominated by the Americans and the People's Convention. John H. Jones, who was nominated by a portion of the Old-Line Natives; and Goo. A. Walker, the Democratic nominee. The meeting at Salem was a demonstration in favor of Mr. Nixon, whose prospects for success in the District are in the highest degree flattering.

The following is the account furnished by our respector:

The gathering at Salem was an outpouring of the people such as has not been witnessed since the overwhelming Whig gatherings of 1840 and 1844. The processions filled the main street of the town completely; and the gentlemen of the Committee said that no such enthusiasm had been manifested since the days of Clay and French S. Evans of Maryland, the Hon, Win, L. Dayton and John T. Nixon of New-Jersey, who had been amnounced to speak, were present. An excellent dinner was provided by the Committee for invited guests and the press, which was fully represented.

After doing full justice to the entertainment, the Committee, with the speakers, repaired to the ground, where the people had already assembled. Sents had been provided for some 2,000, and a large awning covered the platform and the whole area, including a large porter: The gathering at Salem was an outpouring of the

been provided for some 2,000, and a large awaing covered the platform and the whole area, including a large table, capable of accommedating ten reporters. At this time the scene was the most inspiring; the whole people seemed to be out—old men with their vivves and children, and young men with their intended ones. Not less than 5,000 were on the ground, which, for so sparsely settled a county, is a very large number—many of them having come 30 to 40 miles distance. The multitude sent up shout after shout at the entrance of the speakers on the ground. The following

trance of the speakers
officers were chosen:
President—Dr. Reynolds Coates of Canden.
President—Charles Stratton of Condens John L.
Fice President—Charles Stratton of Condens James I
Itanipion of Cumberland, Henry Swain of Cape May; Geor
Woodnell of Atlantic.
Secretaries—John Ingham, Dr. H. Clark and L. Woodnell.

Dr. Coates on taking the chair made some very appropriate remarks respecting the nomination of M Nixon, showing most conclusively that he was the

Nixon, showing most conclusively that he was the choice of the united opposition in the district, and that the Jones party were only a faction or a few disaffected men, some of them at least wishing the Democracy to succeed rather than a union be effected.

A letter was read from the Hon, Jose, G. Randolph of Trenton regretting his inability to be present and speak on account of illness. The letter cordially recommends a union of the Opposition, of whatever previous parties, so that the State and the country may no longer be governed by a minority, succeeding through the divisions of the majority.

The first speaker, the Hon, John T. Nixon, the candidate, was then announced and received with loud appliause.

appliance.

His speech was exceedingly eloquent and satisfactory. After alluding to the manner in which the nomination came to him—showing that he had an undoubted majority of the Delegates in the American Convention, as well as the nomination of the People's

Convention—he showed that the Jones, movement was one of preconcerted factiousness. He proved, too, that the People's Convention was not composed of Republicans only, but of all parties. He the a entered into a discussion of principles, defending elequently the leading tenets of the American party, and co. Cluffing with an advecacy of the rights of the people of the Territories against the attempt to force Slavery of them, as in Kansas, and of the rights of Freedom against the attempt to nationalize Slavery.

The Hon. Wim. L. Davton then spoke, and was enthus instically received. He declared himself heartily interested in the union of the opposition, and in favor of the principles of the Americans—a Registry law, and requiring of naturalized citizens to wait a year before voting, &c. He then proceeded to defend the principles of the Republican party in relation to Slavery, and other matters of public policy, such as the Convention-he showed that the Jones movement was

principles of the Republican party in relation to Slavery, and other matters of public policy, such as the tariff, &c., as those of the Whig party, and of Honry Clay—doing this in the most effective and felicitous manner. He proceeded to trace the course of the Administration on the Slavery question, showing how it had violated its pledges and the principles of Popular Sovereignity. He calabited also the extravagance of the Administration, alluded to the foreign policy of Mr. Buchauan, and the measures which were evidently in progress for amexation, &c. He closed with an elegant passage on the judgments of Heaven visiting those nations which violate public right and justice.

[We have not space for the full report of Mr. Dayton a speech, nor that of the Hon, H. Winter Davis of Maryland, who insisted on the union of the Opposition against the Administration in defense of American principles and the rights of the people.]

against the Administration in defense of American principles and the rights of the people.]

The meeting continued for nearly five hours with undiminished eighnsiasm.

Persons from every section of the District express the unnort confidence in the election of Mr. Nixon, and say that but a very insignificant faction will support Mr. Jones. The canvass is to be pursued with numbated arder. Mr. Nixon will address the people, and Mr. Jones. The canvass is to be pursued with nu-abated arder. Mr. Nxon will address the people, and Mr. French S. Stevens, a prominent Filmorette, who stumped that District in 1856, has been engaged to speak at all points.

DELEGATES TO THE REPUBLICAN STATE CONVEN-TIOS .- Kings Co., VIIth District-Seth B. Cole, and Samuel H. De Mott. Alternates, James W. Riggs and ---- Toby.

ORIO.-CIDNOR B. TOMPKINS, the able and efficient Representative from the XVIth Congressional District of Ohio, has been unanimously nominated by the Republicans of that District for reflection.

Jay Patrick of Norwalk, is the Democratic candidate for Congress in the XIIIth District, now represented by the Hon, John Sherman, Republican.

THE FIRST GUN FROM OLD SUFFOLK.

LECOMPTON DEEPLY BURIED-THE HON. JOHN A. SEARING STRONGLY REPUDI-ATED.

I hasten to inform you that Brookhaven, the Gibraltar of modern Democracy in Suffolk County, has emphatically put her heel on Lecompton.

Yesterday was the day to select ten delegates to represent her in County Convention, and as the old motto, "As goes Brookhaven so goes the County," was well learned, the forces of Mr. Lecompton were well drilled and brought into action. Mr. Justice however, appeared with a modest army, clothed in opposition, and entered the field. The following tickets were run:

Lecompton.

Brewster Woodhull, esq., The Hon. John M. Williamson
The Hon. Selah B. Strong. The Hon. Goo. P. Mills.

It is the heading of the tickets without giving the whole ten I send you that you may see by the caliber of the men that Lecompton, although surrounded by indicial robes, had, so far as Brookhaven was concerned, breathed his last.

The contest was between John A. Searing for nomination and William H. Ludlow for the succession Ludlow won the day by the large majority of 71 out

of 276 votes cast. P. S .- The Town of Islip has gone by a handsome

majority of Ludlow. Poor Lecompton is dead in old Suffolk.

PERSONAL.

-The Boston Transcript publishes the following extract from a letter dated Maracaibo, July 27;

"Ex-President Monagas, after he was given up by the British Minister, with whom he had taken refuge, was sent as prisoner to the Castle of San Carlos, near Maracaibo. While a prisoner in the fort or castle, bad food, bad air and excessive heat brought on an attack of dysentery. The authorities ridiculed his letters, speered at his entreaties for medical aid, and it was of dysentery. The authors are secred at his entreaties for medical aid, and it was not till they were sure of his dying that two doctors were dispatched to his assistance. They recommended his immediate removal to Maracaibo. He was brought up in an arm-chair, and landed on the beach in the sun, with a file of tifty soldiers on each side of the sick man, drums heating and bugles sounding. Here he breathed his last, in the open street, with his two sens chinging to him. The youngest had come down from Laguayra but a few days before; the elder had been imprisoned with him. The statement that he died at the house of Gen Serencis not true; but it is true that the house of Gen Sereno is not true; but it is true that
the fear of public opinion, and that his death would not
go unavenged, made the authorities give orders that
those present should say that he died in his bed, and
such will be the account published."

—The two testimonials of honor prepared in obedience

—The two testimonials of honor prepared in obedience to the resolutions of the Virginia Legislature are now ready for the acceptance respectively of Lieut Pegram and the widow of the lamented Herndon.

The Herndon medal is of pure gold, about two inches in diameter. On one side is depicted in bold relief the scene of the tempest, the life-boat crowded with passengers and struggling with the waves, the steamer half dismantied, and the heroic Commander standing resolutely on an elevated part of the wreck. The necessarily small scale of the pictures does not admit of half dismanifed, and the heroic Commander standing resolutely on an elevated part of the wreck. The necessarily small scale of the pictures does not admit of any strict accuracy in the depiction of the human figures, but like the becautiful symbolic engravings from the antique, it is sufficiently distinct to relate in an unsistakatele form the now well-known story of the Christian hero's self-sacrificing devotion. Around this device are inscribed the following words: "Devotion "to dury, Christian conduct, and gentine heroism revispected and revered." The reverse of the medal bears the following inscription, surrounded by a delicate olive wreath, wrought with exquisite finish and minuteness: "Presented to the Widdow of Captain" William Lewis Heradon, United States Navy, by "Virginia, as a testimonial of respect for her virtuous "son—a noble and gallant officer—1888.

The blade of well-tempered steel offered to Lieut, Pegram is beautifully decarated with a variety of appropriate end-lems—maritime, national and mythological. On one side appears the inscription: "A mother's giff to her devoted son." On the other side of the blade is inscribed: "Virginia, to Lieut, Robert B. "Pegram, U. S. Navy, Kulan, Aug. 4, 1836." The hill of the sword is summonated by an eagle, survenuada with thirteen stars, the guart being in the

regram, C. S. Navy, Kulah, Aug. 4, 1859. The hilt of the sword is surmounied by an eagle, surrounded with thirteen stars, the guard being in the form of a delphin. Two handsome scabbards accompany the blade, one of black shark skin, with gilt mountings, according to service regulations, the other of gilt netal, highly ornamented with maritime devices.

of gill metal, highly ornamented with maritime de-vices. [Richmond Inquirer.]

-The Hen. Thomas L. Harris, who has been con-fined to his rooms in this city for several weeks past, returned home yesterday. We are gratified to an-nounce that our distinguished Representative is im-proving in health, and will be able to meet his fellow-citizens frequently introduced. proving in health, and will be able to meet in second-citizens frequently during the present canvass. His return to health will, of course, be specially gratifying to the Democracy of his Congressional District. He has served them well, and the almost universal desire is that he shall be returned. With this we sympahas served them wen, and the anims time crackers in that he shall be returned. With this we sympathize, though it is not our habit to express our personal choice in the selection of Democratic candidates for nomination. The Convention of the 9th inst, will certainly represent the Democratic wish of the District in renominating Major Harris. That this will be done is beyond doubt, and that Mr. Harris will be returned, through such nomination, is one of the "fixed facts" which for bids discussion—the only question being how and, where 1000 his majority will be. nucli above 3,000 his majority will be. (Springfield (III.) Register.

AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY.

The stated meeting of the Managers was held at the Bible House, Astor Place, on Thursday, the 2d inst., at 44 o'cleck p. m., W.s. B. Chossay, e.g., Vice Pres-dent, in the chair. The Rev. Lor Jones read the 64th chapter of Isaiah, and prayer was offered by the Rev.

chapter of Isaiah, and prayer was offered by the Rev.
Mr. Bylland.
Soven new societies were recegnized: of which two
are in Missouri, two in Iowa, and in Michigan, Texas
and Tennessee, one each.
Various communications were presented relating to
the work at home, and especially in regard to the distribution of the Scriptures in California: from J. S.
Allen, esq., of Lima, and the Rev. V. D. Collins, Vaiparaiso, in reference to the work in Peru and Chili;
from the Rev. Dr. Wilson, Secretary of the Presbyterian Board of Missions, in regard to printing the Gospel of Matthew in the Benga language, spoken on the
western coast of Africa; from the Rev. Dr. Van Dyck,
Beyront, in regard to printing a pocket edition of the
Arabic Testament.
Grants were made of books for distribution in Tam-

pice, Mexico: Ojibwa Testaments to the American pice, Mexico: Olibwa Testaments to the American Beard of Commissioners for Foreign Missions; books to the American Tract Seciety for distribution by colporteurs; New Testaments to the Massachusetts Sunday-school Union: Bibles and Testaments in various languages for distribution among seamon at Rotterdam, Holland: to Missionary Society of Methodist Episcopal Church, books to the amount of \$200, for distribution at Buenos Avres: \$500 for printing a necket edition of the Arabic Testament at Beyrout.

American grants were made to small and fookle aver-Numerous grants were made to small and fe Numerous grants were made to small and seems auxiliar, es to supply the destitute, and to needy Sabbath sechool, where there are no auxiliaries, together with sixteen, clumes for the blind. A new agent was appointed for Western Kentucky, in the place of the Rev. Mr. Pk rson, resigned.

MARINE AFFAIRS.

MORE YELFOW FEVER ARRIVALS. The Spanish brig Inniacalada, from St. Jago de Cuba for Bremen, put into this port yesterday, Capt. Itilda, first and second mates and one sailor having died of yellow fever. The vessel was brought into port by Mr. Strong, second officer of the Ship Richmond, who boarded her on the 28th of August, in lat. 35, lon. 61.10, for that purpose. Mr. Strong remained on deck during the whole time he was o

FOR EUROPE.

A disturbance took place on board the Vanderbill steamship Ariel, while lying at the dock just previou to sailing on Saturday, owing to a strike among th firemen. The steaming Young America accompanied her down the bay with a police force on board, i order to suppress any riot that might occur. The Ariel took out 180 passengers and \$187,444 21 in

The Cunard steamship Alps sailed yesterday for Liverpool.

FIRST BOAT FOR THE NICARAGUA TRANSIT LINE. The commencement of the Nicaragua steamship route by the A. A. and Pacific Ship Canal Company, was signalized on Saturday last by a short excursi down the Bay in the first boat to be sent to Lake Nic aragus-the Cass-Yrissarri. This hoat, which was for merly called the American Eagle, has been thoroughly overhauled and repaired preparatory to her trip to Nicaragua. In several voyages along the coast she has proved berself a seaworthy boat. The boat lef Pier No. 1, shortly after 4 o'clock with about 100 guests on board, among whom were Senor Yrissarri Minister from Central America; Mr. Joseph L. White the President of the Company; Mr. J. B. Yelverton their agent, with many others; also quite a large number of ladies. A band of music was encaced for

Soon after leaving the pier the company sat down to a fine collation, prepared by Messrs. Baywell & Ray of No. 13 Wall street, at which Mr. White pre sided. After paying proper attention to the good things spread before them, Mr. White proposed "the health of Gen. Yrissarri, Minister of Central America." Senor Yrissarri responded in Spanish, expressing his thanks for the honor paid to him. He said he arrogated to himself no merit but that of having done his duty. He had no doubt but this enterprise would succeed and Nicaragua and the United States be joined in one common interest.

the occasion and a salute was fired from the boat as

Mr. J. B. Purroy, ex-consul from Brazil, proposed Gen. Maximo Herez." He paid a high tribute to the worth of Don Herez, as a man and a statesman. He said he was a man of liberal and enlightened views and one who would do all in his power to promot amicable relations between the two countries and further the best interest of each.

Mr. Johnson proposed the health of Mr. White and Mr. Parroy, to which Mr. White responded. He referred to the difficulties against which this Company had labored. They had to fight against, States, money steamship commodores, machinations, lies, had been swallowed up by the great French stomach, but your ited up like Jonah, they had fought against fillibusters and through good and evil report; but they had won and if any of the "world or the rest of mankind wished to enter the field they were ready to figh

Mr. Purroy followed in a few remarks. He thanked the company for the honor shown to those who had borne the brunt of this battle. He referred to the Press that although it sometimes made contradictory statements, yet it generally was right, and closed by giving "The Press of New-York City somehow it always manages to get out the truth."

Mr. White told a humorous story about a reporter of one of the city papers, causing much laughter. When Mr. Purroy's toast was responded to by one o the reporter's present, who repaid, with interest, the joke of Mr. White.

"The Ladies" was then given, and received with three hearty cheers.

A sentiment, handed in by one of the ladies present,

The Atlantic Cable and the Nicaragua Transit Line-May Received with cheers.

A gentlemen then proposed the health of Mr. John B. Yelverton, paying a high compliment to his haracter and ability-to which Mr. Yelverton repended by saying if the gentleman would call at his office he would be happy to furnish him a ticket on

The boat returned, and after going a short distance up the North River, landed at the Pier and the company separated.

The Cass-Yrissarri leaves to-day for Nicaragua; she will be placed on Lake Nicaragua, and the Company will soon send on two other boats to run on the San Juan River in connection with her.

San Juan River in connection with her.

SCHOONER BUESA VISTA WHECKED.

The schooner Buena Vista, ashore south of Barnegat inlet, has gone to pieces. The vessel and cargo are a total loss. Captain Becbee states that his vessel went on during a dense fog. The crew are all saved. The Buena Vista was built at Dennison Creek, Del., in 1848, 150 tuns register, rate A 2, val-ued at \$4,000, and owned by Capt. Beebee and others. No insurance on the vessel. Capt. B. has sold he materials for \$150.

A FEARFUL GALE-LOSS OF THE BARK NEW-BRUNSWICK AND FIVE OF THE CREW ON LAKE ERIE.

The Chatham (Canada West) Planet learns the particulars of the foundering of the bark New-Brunswick, Capt. M Tavish, during the gale of Thursday night

last, five miles off Point Pelee:

"So fearful was the gale that all management of the vessel was lost, and after weathering the sea some time she foundered. As might be imagined, the position of the entire crew was most perilous. Without any apparent means of saving themselves at hand, the faint hope of preserving their lives seemed hope of preserving their lives seemed

undless. Upon a foundered vessel in the midst of a terrific of wind and rain, at midnight, and five m sterm of wind and rain, at midnight, and five miles from land, hope of reaching the shore in safety might well be banished from the stoutest heart. And little wonder was it that five persons, out of the nine composing the crew, found a watery grave ere daylight dawned. Even when morning had come, the prospect of reaching shore was but little improved. Not a tool to help to construct a raft was obtained, and had it not been that Cant. McTavish with the assistance of a small hear. Capt. McTavish, with the assistance of a small penknife, was enabled to detach a "boom" and "gaft," and with these materials to construct a miserable rait, not one soul would have been left to relate the sad tale

of their sufferings. ... However, with this little instrument the raft was "However, with this little instrument the raft was launched upon the angry waters, freighted with the precious weight of five mortal beings who left the foundered vessel, with the hope that, by paddling with their hands, they might gain the shore five miles distant. This slow process had been industriously persevered in against the wind for five hours, when, to the great joy of the Captain, he espied relief coming to ward them in the shape of a little boat manned by Mr Robert Shank and his family, which boat was in such a bad state that it was only kept from going to the bettom of the lake by its numerous leakages being stopped with clay.

"However, in this boat the survivors of the crew of the New-Brunswick, consisting of Capt, McTavish, Joseph Darce, mate, John Banks and Duncan McVicar, seaman, were with much difficulty brought to shore. The names of those drowned are as follows: Duncan Turner, James Riddle, baker, Arch'd McMillan, a young man named Thomas —, and the cook,

Duncan Turner, James Riddle, baker, Arch'd McMillan, a young man named Thomas —, and the cook, Isaac Campbell, the latter of whom, during a fit of delirium, sank from the raft not more than ten minutes before Mr. Shanks came to their succor."

CITY ITEMS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, -The opera has been liberally patronized during the past week. This evening the eversiresh and welcome "Barber" will be given with a strong cast: Madame Gassier as Rosina, Signor Labocetta (under engagement to M. Strakesch) reappears as Count Almay va, one of the best representatives of the part on the lyric stage; M. Gassier as Figaro, and Signor Pierini (his first appearance here) as Don Bawillo. During the music-lesson scene, Madame Gassier will introduce the "Waltz of Venzano" and Vicux. temp's variations on the "Carnival of Venice,"

DELTA SIGHA SOCIETY .-- A new society under this itle, composed of young men, members of evangelical churches in the eastern part of the city, was organized on Friday evening last, at the house of one of the members, in Henry street. The object of the Association is the mutual religious improvement of young christians, by the delivery of essays on Bible subjects comparing of religious thoughts, &c. The following named gentlemen were elected officers : Dr. Veratus Morse, President; James H. Manizik, Vice President : Frederick G. Hansen, Secretary : James G. Cooper, Treasurer.

THE AMERICAN STATE CONVENTION, -The following gentlemen were elected as delegates from the XIth Assembly District, 20th Ward:

Delegates. Alvah T. Canfield. Robert R. Williams Oscar A. Lee, John L. Rockwell.

CITY MORIALITY .- According to the City Inspec tor's report, the total number of deaths in the city during the past week was 592, a decrease of 65 as compared with the mortality of the week previous, and 83 less than occurred during the corresponding week last year. The mortality among children continues to be heavy, but is gradually on the decline. Two fatal cases of yellow fever are reported. The deceased, David Hart, aged 37, and John Powers, aged 39, natives of Ireland, and by occupation ship carpenters, contracted the disease while employed on the ship Rattler, now at Quarantine. The following table shows the number of deaths during the past two weeks among adults and children, distinguish

| Men. Women. Boxe. Girls. Total | Week ending Aug. 22....48 | 70 | 242 | 281 | 657 | Week ending Sept. 4...35 | 74 | 229 | 294 | 562 | Among the principal causes of death were the following. Deaths: lowing: Bronchitis, 5; consumption, 61; convul sions, (infantile) 46; cholera infantum, 103; diarrhea 24; dysentery, 21; dropsy in the head, 25; inflamma tion of the bowels, 5; inflammation of the lungs, 11; inflammation of the brain, 10: marasmus, (infantile 68: measles, 8: scarlet fever, 2.

There were also I death of cholera, 8 of congestio of the lungs, 8 of typhus fever, 7 of disease of the heart, 26 of whooping cough, 4 of palsy, 5 of smallpox, 12 premature births, 26 stillborn, and 10 deaths rom violent causes.

The following is a classification of the diseases, and the number of deaths in each class of disease during the week: Bones, joints, &c., 1; Brain and nerves. 99; Generative organs, 5; heart and blood vessels 17; lungs, throat, &c., 120; old age, 3; skin, &c. and eruptive fevers 16; stillborn and premature births, 33; stomach, bowels and other digestive organs 251; uncertain seat and general fevers, 39; nary organs, 3. Total-592.

The number of deaths compared with the corre sponding weeks in 1856 and 1857, was as follows:

Week ending Sept. 6, 1876. Week ending Sept. 5, 1857. Week ending Aug. 23, 1859. Week ending Sept. 4, 1858. The nativity table gives 459 natives of the United States, 78 of Ireland, 28 of Germany, 11 of England

and 6 of France.

As Ex-Mayor Found Drownen,-On Saturday last the body of a man, then unknown, was found b Officer Tracy of the Second Precinct, floating in th dock foot of Beekman street, East River. The deceased was very respectably dressed, and had in his possession a valuable gold watch, a small amount money, letters, papers, &c. The deceased was subsequently recognized as James Miller, esq., formerly Mayor of Newark, N. J., and, at the time of his death, Adjutant-General of that State. He lived in Newark, where he has left a family. Mr. Miller was last se alive on Friday, and his friends supposed him to have been at the complimentary dinner given to Capt. Hudson and the officers of the United States frigate Ningara, by the Mayor and Common Council of Jersey City the following evening, he having been one of the nvited guests, but it is not certain Mr. Miller was preent on that occasion. Of late Mr. Miller has be unfortunate in business, and at intervals has exhibited evidences of temporary bewilderment of mind. His friends are of the opinion that he crossed the ferry to this city, and, while wandering about, fell over and was drowned. His remains were removed to Bellevue Hospital, where Coroner Perry held an inquest. A medical examination was made by Dr. Bonton, but no marks of violence were perceptible on the body, which apparently had not been in the water more than a day or two. Dr. Bouton was of opinic that death was caused by drowning. The Jury accordingly rendered a verdict of death from "accidental "drowning at or about the 3d of September, 1858," Mr. Miller was 65 years of age.

The September Term of the Court of General Sesions, Judge Russell presiding, commences to-day, with the following calendar of cases for disposal: Burglary, 21; grand larceny, 33; robbery, 4; forgery, 9: felonious assault and battery, 10: abortion, 1; murder, 4; abandonment, 5; mandaughter, 2; receiving stelen goods, 3; bastardy, 1; arson, 2; bigamy, 1; rape, 1; felony, 1. Total, 28.

ARREST OF A LAWYER CHARGED WITH PERSURY. -Officer Smith, of the Jefferson Market Police Court, vesterday morning arrested Mortimer de Mott, a lawyer doing business at No. 16 Wall street, charged by Cyprian L. Taillant with falsely and corruptly swearing to matter material to the issue in a certain case pending in the Supreme Court, before Mr. Justice Clerke. The complainant, residing at No. 403 Fourth avenue, alleges that he was the plaintiff in an action at law, brought in the Supreme Court of this State, against Mortimer de Mott, as his attorney, for the recovery of the sum of \$2,058, which the said De Mott had received from one Francis Mercier, on the 4th of April, 1853. It further appears from the affidavit that on the 26th of November, 1856, an order of arrest was issued by Justice Roosevelt of the Supreme Court, and by virtue of such order, De Mott was arrested and held to ball in the sum of \$3,000. That afterward De Mott instituted proceedings in the Supreme Court to set aside the order of arrest, and upon the hearing of the motion to vacate the order, before Justice Clerke, De-Mott made use of and read an affidavit in the said matter, made by him and sworn to before a Commissioner of Deeds, in which said affidavit De Mott stated that there was paid to him for the interest of Cyprian L. Taillant, by Francis Mercier, on the 4th day of April, 1853, the sum of \$4,500. It was further set forth in the affidavit that Mr. Taillant declined to meet said Mercier personally on said settlement. That the settlement was made, to the best of De Mott's belief, in the front office, Mr. Taillant meanwhile remaining in the back room. That subsequently, the affidavit says, De Mott "was ready and willing, and offered to pay over the sum to Taillant; that Taillant stated to him that he did not wish to take the money; that he had then no use for it; that he was afraid his creditors might come down upon him and break him up before he could get established, and deprive him of his means; that Taillant requested De Mott to take the money, allowing him interest thereon, and to draw it from time to time, as he might want it for his business." The complainant alleges that at the time stated by

De Mott he was not in said office, and never had any such conversation with De Mott, and that the same is wholly false and untrue, and got up by De Mott for | walk. She sustained a fracture of the skull and other

he, money, and for the purpose of relieving De Mott | verdict of accidental death. from imprisonment. The complainant charges said De Mott in willfully and corruptly perjuring himself in

matters man, rial to the issue in the affidavit alluded to, and also in subsequent answers.

Mr. Francis Merrier alleged that on the 4th of April, 1853, he said into the hands of De Mott, at his De M. st office, corner & Dey street and Broadway. the spra of \$4,500; that Mr. Taillant was not present when the money was so paid: that after receiv money. De Mott went into his private office and deposited the maney in his safe; that during the time the money was being paid, deponent was so situated that he could look into the private office, and that he did not see Mr. Taillant there. Mr. Mercier alleged that | nate man. at the time he remarked he thought it necessary for

lice Court, and committed by Justice Kelly for exam- as follows:

CRIMES AND CASUALTEES. -Thomas Nolso, a laborer residing in Trinity place, while walking quietly through Greenwich street on Saturday night, was attacked and felled to the pavement by some heavy weapon in the hands of an unknown ruffier. Nolan was severely cut and bruised about the head. He was found in this condition by a policeman and conveyed to the Station-House, where his wounds were dressed, after which he was taken home. No clue has yet been obtained as to who was the perpetrator of the outrage.

About 2 o'cleck on Saturday meening, Mr. Daniel Cronin, a resident of Washington, D. C., jumped from a rear second-story window of house No. 48 Leonard street, kept by one Mrs. Brown, and falling upon the picket fence in the yard, was dangerously injured. A physician was called, who did all that he could to releve the injured man, and ordered him to be taken to the New-York Hospital, Capt, Hatchines of the Fifth Precint was notified of the affair, and sent Mr. Cronin upon a litter to the Hospital. The reason of the gentleman from Washington precipitating himself rom the window did not transpire

On Friday night last, Mrs. Essy Kerrigan, living at No. 247 East Thirteenth street, got into an altercation with a man named John Hunter, a resident of the same house, when the former becoming greatly euraged, as is alleged, pushed him down a flight of stairs, at the bottom of which he struck on the back of his head, causing injuries which it is feared will terminate fatally. Officers Lawney and Gregory of the Seventeenth Precinct subsequently arrested Mrs. Kerrigan, and Justice Steers, before whom she was arraigned, committed her to prison to await the result of Hunter's injuries.

On Saturday night, Capt. Cameron of the Seventh Precinct, with a posse of his men, made a descent upon the alleged disorderly house No. 8 Market street, kept by Theressa Walker, and apprehended the proprietress and ten of the inmates, whom they conveyed to the lock-up. Theressa has for some time kept what pur-ported to be a respectable boarding-house, but recently it has been so disorderly in its character that Mr. Samnel Dawson and other citizens residing in the vicinity reselved to break it up if possible, and with that inter made complaint before Justice Steers, who issued his warrant for the arrest of the parties. The prisoners were taken to the Esses Market Police Court yesterday morning, when the magistrate held Theressa in the sum of \$500 to answer the charge of keeping a disorderly house, and discharged the others with a repri-

On Friday night a young man, giving his name a Charles Lacher, entered the liquor store of Thomas Oates, No. 745 Second street, and in payment for a drink tendered a counterfeit \$2 bill on the Brandon Bank of Vermont. The barkeeper gave Lacher his change, but subsequently discovering that the bill was worthless, started in pursuit of his customer, whom he found a few blocks distant, and caused his arrest. A similar bill was found in possession of the accused.

Lacher said he received the money in payment of a bill, and supposed that it was good. He was taken

At a late hour Friday night two Germans, named Harris Kohler and Morris Morris had an altercation at No. 36 Essex street, where they resided. The "jaw was wound up with a fight, in which, as is alleged, Morris drew a knife and stabbed his antagonist under the left ear, inflicting a serious wound. Morris was subsequently arrested by a Tenth Precinct officer. and taken before Justice Steers, who committed him to prison to await the result of Kohler's injuries.

On Saturday afternoon Mr. Alexander Francois of No. 14 Harrison street, while riding upon one of the Eighth-avenue cars, had his pocket picked of a portemonnaie, containing \$1,600. \$1,000 of the am was in \$50 bills on the Importers and Traders' Bank, \$300 in \$100 bills on the Chemical Bank, and the balance in miscellaneous bills. So neatly was the job done that Mr. Francis did not discover his loss until he was about to leave the car in the upper part of the

The same afternoon, Mr. Robert Lovett, while riding upon one of the Sixth-avenue cars, had his watch and hain, valued at \$150, picked from his pocket by an

Late on Friday night Capt. Turnbull of the Eighth Precinct, made a descent upon the alleged disorderly house No. 52 Wooster street, and arrested the inmates, some ten in number. The parties were taken to the Jefferson Market Police Court the following morning and discharged by Justice Kelly with a reprimand. On Saterday morning, about 4 o'clock, Officer Har-rold, of the Twentieth Precinct, while patroling his

beat, had his affection attracted by two suspiciouslooking fellows prowling about the door-ways of vari-ous dwelling houses. He watched them some time, and finally, feeling satisfied that they were making a burglarious demonstration on a dwelling, pounced upon and arrested them. They were taken to the Station-House, where they gave their names as Richard Clin-ten and Thomas Haller. The former proved to be a noted English burglar, and is said to have spent one term in the State Prison. Haller is an Englishman, who says that he fell in with Clinton the previou evening, and that Clinton told him that he could make more money "cracking cribs" than working at his trade. Both denied attempting a burglary, and Haller said that Clinton was merely showing him how easily a house could be entered. Both were armed with revolvers, and had burglars' tools. On Saturday the prisoners were taken before Justice Kelly, but there eing no evidence against them they were discharged from custody.

About 3 o'clock the same morning, officer Hall of

the Twentieth Precinct, saw two young fellows coming out of the butcher-shop of Jacob Smith, No. 521 Eighth avenue; one with the money under his arm, and the other with a string of sansages thrown over his back. They at once spied the officer, and sought to escape by flight, but the latter pursued and succeeded in arresting the youth who had the sausages. The prisoner gave his name as John Dunn, and was subsequently locked up by Justice Kelly. The shop was entered by forcing open one of the front shutters. Two backmen, against whom complaint had been

made by Geo. W. Blunt, esq., for charging more than the legal rates of fare, were yesterday fined \$5 each. The legal rates of fare are high in this city-much higher than the general average of other cities—and ought to satisfy our Jehus. If gentlemen would follow Mr. B.'s example and report at the Mayor's Office all attempts at extortion by the gentlemen of the whip, which have become quite common of late, the nuisance would soon be abated.

FATAL FALL FROM A WINDOW .- Coroner Perry held an inquest at the New-York Hospital on the body of Mary Hall, an Irish woman 27 years of age, who died from the effect of injuries. On the night of the 2d inst, the deceased sat in an open second-story window of premises No. 25 Bayard street, where it is supposed she got asleep, and, losing her balance, fell to the side-

the purpose of hindering him [Taillant from obtaining | injuries, which proved fatal. The Jury [Codered a

THE RECENT STABBING AFFAIR IN GREENWICE STREET-ARREST OF THE PERFETRATOR .- A paragraph was published in THE TRIBUNE a few days ago to the effect that Henry McArdle, living at No. 125 Greenwich street, had been dangerously stabled in the breast and abdomen by a knife in the hands of Patrick Keating, without any justifiable provocation. Since that time McArdle has been failing gradually; and yesteriay, his friends and the attending physician considering his life to be in great danger, called upon Coroner Connery, requesting his attendance forthwith to take the ante-mortem examination of the unfortu-

The Coroner was soon at the house, and, impanneling a Jury, took the depositions of McArdle and his wife The accused was taken to the Jefferson Market Po. | also that of the doctor in attendance. They testified

I had one of my children in my arms at the time he assaulted me. I became faint soon after, and remember nothing. I have known Reating eight years and never had any difficulty with him before; he did no appear to be under the influence of liquor at the time I cannot account for hie cenduct towards me. Patrick Keating, now present, is the man who stabbed me.

J. A. Monnel, M. D., being sworn, says: I was called to visit Mr. McArdle on Thesday evening last, about 8] o'clock. I found him suffering from the effects of two punctured wounds, one on the inside of the left nipple, the other in the abdomen. He was faint restoratives were administered, and his wounds attended to; I have been in attendance since. I consider the wounds dangerous and likely to terminate fatally.

tally.

Jane McArdie, being sworn, says—Andrew McArdie, now lying dangerously wounded at No. 125 Greenwich street, is my husband; on Tuesday evening last, about 8 o'clock, my husband, myself, and two children were coming up 6 freenwich street from the store; as we got to our own door Patrick Keating came up to my husband and said, "You son of a b—," and with this ho stabbed my husband; I saw bleed flowing from my husband's wounds; Keating lived in our house, and when the officer came I showed him where Keating was; Keating was then arrested by the officer; there was Keating was then arrested by the officer; there when the officer came I showed him where Keating was; Keating was then arrested by the officer; there has been a difficulty between Mrs. Keating and myself about my little boy and her's quarreling, and from this unpleasant feelings arose between us; my husband had no difficulty with the Keatings; he had a child in his arms when Keating stabbed him.

Question by Keating—Did you not strike me before I stabbed you!

Answer—No: I never struck you.

This closed the testiments and the Jury rendered a

This closed the testimony, and the Jury rendered a

"That Andrew McArdie came to said wounding at the hands of Patrick Kenting, by being stabbed with a knife by said Kenting in Greenwich street on the evening of the 31st day of August, 1858." Kenting, who was taken into custody some time

absequent to the stabbing and locked up, was recommitted to the Tombs by Coroner Connery to await the result of McArdle's injuries. An inquest was held at No. 93 Baxter street by

Coroner Connery on the body of Peter McCue, a child five years and two months old, who died from the effect of injuries received in consequence of falling from an upper window of the aforesaid premises to the sidewalk, thereby producing concussion of the brain. A verdict of accidental death was rendered by the

CHARGED WITH GRAND LARCENT .- Yesterday afternoon Officer Wilson of the Sixth Precinct arrested on the Five Points a dirty-looking loafer, giving his name as William Powell, charged with stealing a horse, wagon and harness from Thaddens P. Howe 333 Delancey street. Howelf alleges that on Thursday last he gave Powell a sum of money and sent him with the horse and wagon to market, for the purpose of making purchases of clams and oysters. Powell not returning at the appointed time, Mr. Howell came to the conclusion that he had disposed of the property and run off. The matter being reported to the Police, before Justice Kelly, and committed for examination. Officer Wilson took the case in hand, and soon after found the wagon at a blacksmith's shop in Bayard street, and the harness at a place in James street, where Powell had sold it for \$2 50. The accused was taken before Justice Connolly, and sent to prison to await trial.

> FATAL RUN OVER CASUALTY .-- Some two weeks ago Henry Fleischer, a German, while standing or walking in Broadway, nearly opposite Trinity Church, was struck by one of the Knickerbocker line of stages, knocked down and run over. One of his legs was badly crushed, beside which he received other severe deries. He was conveyed to the boarding-house No. 228 Division street, where he received medical at tention, notwithstanding which, however, he failed gradually till Saturday, when he expired from his inforener Perry has the case in charge, will hold an inquest on the body to-day. Mr. Fleischer it is said lived in Philadelphia, and his remains have been or will be taken there for interment. The occurrence which resulted in the death of Mr. Fleischer is supposed to have been purely accidental.

NEW-YORK HOSPITAL .- Weekly report to Sept. 3,

Surgical Medical Total | Remaining Aug. 27 | 153 |
Admitted to Sept. 3	28
Dischinged, cured or relieved	28
Dischinged	155
Remaining at date	155
Maios, 304, Fermiles, 30.	

A CARD FROM CAPT, DE RIVIERE.

A CARD FROM CAPT, DE RIVIERE.

To the Editor of the Courrier des Etats Units.

Sigs: Finding mysolf at last delivered from the indicial prosecutions to which I have been so unjustly subjected. I come to ask of you a rectification of the facts which have been communicated to you and which have been so caluminously applied to my person. I declare that I have never in any way been connected with frandulent bankruptcies; consequently that I have never been mixed up with judicial proceedings in France. Such matters may relate to an indignant that they should be attributed to me or to any rember of my family.

ember of my family.
Since the year 1844 I have not ceased to belong to Since the year 1846 I have not ceased to belong to the French army, and I am now on furlough (ca now activité) for temporary infirmities, resulting from wounds received in the Crimen. (The very words of the document signed by Marshal Vaillant, Minister of War.)

As to the matter which has served as a pretext for As to the matter which has served as a pretent for the prosecution of which I have been the victim—the pretended abduction of Miss Blount—I declare all that has been said a lying and malicious invention. I per-sonally deny having ever abducted Miss Blount, and still less Mms. Blount. My part in that affair was limited to accompanying, upon their demand, and to protect, at their request, two ladies who endeavored to escape from an odious tyranny. I am ready to do so again.

Hitherto I have been unable to defend myself; but If therto I have been unable to deeper mysen; but now I intend to do it, and to obtain justice for the attacks, which all who are acquainted with me know to be malignant. I await from your impartiality, Sir, reparation of the wrong which, upon false information, you have done to a man who walks with head erect, because he has the right to carry it so.

Accept, Sir, the assurance of my perfect consideration.

(Signed) Capt. H. A. Dz RIVIEZE.

ion. (Signed) New York, Aug. 2, 1838. The Courses gives credit to the Captain's statement.

BRADY'S GALLERIES. PROTOGRAPHS.

AMEROTYPES AND DAGUERREOTYPES.

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